

- 1.a)** The study of human history and prehistory through the excavation of sites and the analysis of artifacts and other physical remains.
- b)**the determination of the age or date of organic matter from the relative proportions of the carbon isotopes carbon-12 and carbon-14 that it contains. The ratio between them changes as radioactive carbon-14 decays and is not replaced by exchange with the atmosphere.
- c)**a vast, flat, treeless Arctic region of Europe, Asia, and North America in which the subsoil is permanently frozen.
- d)**a North American swamp or bog consisting of a mixture of water and partly dead vegetation, frequently covered by a layer of sphagnum or other mosses.
- e)**a type of sled formerly used by North American Indians to carry goods, consisting of two joined poles dragged by a horse or dog.
- f)**a mound of rough stones built as a memorial or landmark, typically on a hilltop or skyline.
- g)**a stone circle built by North American Indians, believed to have religious, astronomical, territorial, or calendrical significance.
- h)**a small pointed tool used for piercing holes, especially in leather.
- i)**The buffalo pound was a hunting device constructed by native peoples of the North American plains for the purpose of entrapping and slaughtering American bison, also known as buffalo
- j)**an object made by a human being, typically an item of cultural or historical interest.

2. They uncover fossils and erosion in the ground and find out how old the fossils are.

3. Archeology evidence states say that people lived there before the bridge formed

4. The temperatures rose and rose and became hotter.

5. Bison thrived in the late period because there was more grassland.

6. The old north is a trail from Canada to Mexico and is one of the oldest trails.

7. Petroglyphs are carved into the rock and pictographs are paintings on a rock.

8. Hunters set a drive line then the buffalo would jump off a cliff which would break their legs then the Native Americans finish them

1. Oral history is like someone or something telling you history where archeology are actual people finding and having digging sites.

2. I think the temperature changes are the most important events because of the ice age being gone which made it get warmer and warmer.

3. We can still see the Old North Trail because its been used alot. Some of the trails are still evident.

1. I would find some arrowheads probably

2. Some people living 8000 years ago would have to go hunt for food and probably play old games with works and stuff.

3. Big snow storms that they couldn't get warm so people froze to death.

1. Yes the evidence is that there is left over medicine wheels and tipi rings.