

1. (A) Manuel Lisa is a Spanish American born in Cuba, built the first fur post in present-day Montana.

(B) William Ashley was a fur trapper who started an expedition

(C) Was a German American businessman who became a fur trapper

(D) Alexander Culbertson was a fur trader and a diplomat.

(E) tried to make the Natives christian

2. (A) Monopoly is a person who has exclusive possession of fur

(B) A rendezvous is a place to come together

(C) Brucellosis is a disease that cattle and buffalo get

(D) Capitalism is an economic and political system.

3. fur companies sent teams of Indians and non natives to

4. The maties helped deliver

5. A free trapper would get their stuff and sell it for their own profit.

6. Women helped communicate between trappers and other Indian tribes and taught them survival skills.

7. fur traders turned because the beaver population was going down.

8. The fur trade carried the disease on their ship

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1. Indians became part of the fur trade to get back some of their land and get weapons. They were also exposed to diseases so they became dependent on the fur trade

2. Maties were the offsprings of many tribes. They were born into the trapping business.

3. Would be young and not be married and have a horse with guns and ammo

4. I think he did matter and history would be different from now.

5. I think the bison was worse because smallpox got cured

6. I think it had success but was bad for them.

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1. The number of bison, access of land and

2. Today's trapping is highly regulated with its rules unlike when the fur trade happened.

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1.I think it did have an effect because are town would not be here today