

## CHAPTER 7 / Comparing Information on a Chart

Using information from your reading, complete the chart below. Then, on another sheet of paper, answer the questions at the bottom of the page.

Indian and U.S. Government Treaties			
	HELLGATE TREATY (1855)	LAME BULL'S TREATY (1855)	FORT LARAMIE TREATY (1868)
Tribal nations involved	Bitterroot Salish, Pend d'Oreille, and the Kootenai	Black feet, Nez Perce, Pend d'Oreille, Kootenai	Sioux
What the U.S. government thought it had agreed to	for all tribes to live together	tribal sharings of hunting grounds, and for railroads to go across native land.	acquire more land. <del>Establish</del>
What the tribes thought they had agreed to	Part of the Bitterroot valley to the Salish.	compensation in useful goods chosen by federal government	gave Sioux land and hunting rights and received farming equipment
Problems	extremely poor translations, Miss perception of over an amount of land ceded	<del>The status of Salish and Bitterroot tribes</del> believed treaties brought friendship and payment	<del>Sioux</del> Sioux sought regional dominance, U.S. government saw treaty as agreement.

- (1) What tribes were involved in more than one treaty?
- (2) What were the reasons the U.S. government wanted more land from the Indians?
- (3) In what ways did the U.S. government compensate Indians for their land?
- (4) What were some of the causes of misunderstanding between the tribes and the U.S. government?